# KRNTUCKY GAZETTE

# AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

[VOL. XVIII .- Nº 940.]

BY DANIEL BRADFORD, LEXINGTON.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1804.

TERMS OF THE GAZETTE.

This paper is published weekly, a TWO DOLLARS per annum, paid in ad-

Those who write to the Editor, must pay the postage of their letters.

THE MILLINERY STORE.

Mrs. White,

2 DEGS leave to return her fincere thanks to a generous Public, for the encouragement the has appearenced fince her commencement, and informs them, the has removed form. and informs them, the has removed from mi Bogg's, to the house opposite to mr. Bradford's printing Office, where the continues to have an extensive and elegant affortment of the most fathionable Millinery Goods, viz:

Sik and Straw Scoops, Old Ladies' Bonnets, Feathered Velvet Hats, Velvet Spencers, Sattin and Mode Cloaks, Lace and Ganze Veils, Turbans, Grape and Mushin Caps, Offrich Feathers, & Arrificial Flowers, Stuffing for Cravets, Suppenders, Black and Red Morocco Leasthers, Supenders, Black and Red Morocco Leasthered and beauty to any horse in the land and beauty to any horse in the land and beauty to any horse in the land.

her Sonets for Children
N. B. copparad Bonnets made, and Umbrellas covered at the tho test not co.

Banks & Owings,

Have imported from Philadelphia, and are opening for fale, on the lowest terms, in the house lately occupied by Meffrs. John Jordan jun. & co. nex door to Mr. Seitz's,

ware, Imperial,

Nutmegs,

British and Spanish su | Saddlery and harness perfine and common furniture, broad cloths, Shoe makers' and car-

penters' tools,
All kinds of hard ware Constitution and fancy Velvets, Velverets, Jacones Cotton cards, No. 8,

book muslins, Hamhums, Baftas, India shawls, filk and Young hyson,

Cotton, & links and cotton Coffee, handkerchiefs, Sugars, Chintzes and calicoes Wines, of the newest pat- Brandy,

Irish linens, whole and half bleached, Calimancoes, Wildbores, &c. &c. Cinnamon, Men's and women's Muttard, &c.

Nankeens, Tickings &c

digo and allum. A complete affortment

Millers can be supplied with boulting cloths of the different numbers. Lexington, April 7th, 1804. tf

24 Thomas Love,

FTER an absence of nearly twelve months from his old fland in Frank- ters of Ruffell's creek, Green river. fort, near the Ferry and Ware-house, now informs his friends and the public ky, about four miles from Louisville, 40 that he has refumed his old place of

### ENTERTAINMENT,

Where those that may please to call on him, may rely on meeting with every attention, both as to themselves and horses, that this country will afford .-Private parties may have rooms undifturbed with the buille of a Tavern; and gentlemen disposed to have private boarding, can be accommodated to their in this place.

Frankfort, Feb. 22, 1804.

STATE OF KENTUCKY. Montgomery circuit, July term 1804. Christian Keener, complainant, Against

John Hawkins, Ezekiel Hayden, Lexington Kentucky, John Dupuy, Henry Payne, Henry Young, John Fowler, James Gray and Bafil Holmes, defendants. IN CHANCERY.

THE defendants, Bafil Holmes Henry Young, James Gray & John Dupuy, not having entered their appearance herein agreeable to law and the fules of this Court, and it appearing to the fatisfiction of the Court, that they are no tinhabitants of this Common wealth; on the motion of the complainan by his council, it is ordered that the faid defendants do appear here on the third day of our fendants do appear here on the third day of our make a dividend of the estate and effects of next October term and answer the complain the faid bankrupt; at which time and place, auts bill, that a copy of this proper be inserted in one of the public papears of this state for

DRS. BROWN & WARFIELD DEG leave to inform the public that the

) will practice MEDICINE & SURGERY, In partnership, in the town of Lexington and

Dr. Brown requests those who are indebted Lexington. im to pay their accounts to Major Dedisond or give note, for the amount.

OR fale, the place whereon I now live. containing 450 acres well improved, an enerally given up to be as handsome a place as any in Fayette county—the dwelling bous of brick, two stories high, 46 feet long by 2: vide, finished off in a neat plain manner, and other necessary out houses; there is likewise; ery fine grift mill with two pair of stones, on of which are burt-the faid mill, dam, and al ere built anew about twelve months ago-

edum and all under works are locust timber, high will stand at least sifty years without be g impaired—there is about 130 acres of clear ed land, fprings and flockwater that was neve known to fail. I will fell the whole together or the mill with 50 or 100 acres with it, and

John Rogers. Elkhorn, April 16th, 1804.

TWO STILLS FOR SALE. ONE holds 127 gallons, the other 60 gallons. I will fell them low for all

state, and his colts the same if not supe for. I will take one thousand dollars

him-he is eight years old. J. K.



VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

700 acres Military Land, lying on Brushecreek, N. W. T. where the road Jaconet, tambored & China, glass & queens crosses from Limestone to Chillicothe; this tract contains about three hundred acres of rich bottom, the remainder i well tim ered; has on it a good mill feat, and is an excellent stand for a public house.

500 acres ditto ditto, lying on Clove Lick creek, a branch of the East fork of April 17, 1804. the Little Miami, N. W. T. in a good neighborhood, about three miles from Dunhams-Town, seven from Williamsburg, and eleven to twelve from the Ohio river.

Men's and women's Muttard, &c. 1000 acres ditto ditto, lying on Brush cotton hose & locks, Coperas, madder, in-creek, a few miles from New Market,

digo and allum.

An alloriment of important of the sound acres, lying on Bank Lick creek, ported thor of the Kentucky, part of two tracts, contain ling 6000 acres, surveyed and patented

best qualities, assorted, and Dry Mann's part of a tract of eight thousand acres, Copper in sheets & still patterns. furveyed and patented for Richard Chin- Which they will fell on the most mo nevorth.

3332 2-3 acres, Mason county, Kentucky, part of 5000 acres, furveyed and patented for George Underwood.

1200 acres, Mason county, Kentucky Surveyed and patented for Moody and M'Millin.

1000 acres Military land, on the wa-325 acres, Jefferson county, Kentucacres of this tract is cleared.

116 1-2 acres, Franklin county, Kentucky, on the North fork of Elkhorn about fix milles from Frankfort; on this tract are confiderable improvements.

A House and well improved Lot in he town of Paris, on Main fireet, and djoining Mr. Hughes's tavern.

An Inn and Out Lot in faid town. Alfo a House and well improved Lot

The above described property will be old low for CASH, HEMP and TOBACo, or on giving bond with good fecuriy, a confiderable credit may be had .-For further particulars enquire of A livew F. Price, attorney in fact for ( to the fubscriber.)

JOHN JORDAN Jun. January 13, 1803.

DIVIDEND. In the case of Ira Allen,
A BANKRUPT.

HC commissioners named in the commis on of bankruptcy, awarded and iffue against Ira Allen, of the town of Eddyville, in the country of Livingston, and the affiguee of the offace and effects of fuld barkrupt, will meet on a harfday, 11th day of October next, at three of clock P. M. at the commissioners office in the town of Lexington, in order in one of the public papers of this flate for debts, are to come prepared to prove the fame, aight weeks facestavely or they will be excluded from the benefit of

> Mathew Lyon, aflignee Macbean, clk. to the com'rs.

Wool wanted.

Lamb's wool, and the fecond theering

AND possession given immediatey 215 acres of land, lying on the waters of Cane Run, and immediate- of the Kentucky river, and near y on the road leading from Lexing- where Capt, Danl. Weifiger now

Virginia last spring, one was got by one mile from Sanders's mill. he noted horse Quickfilver out of

this spring, now in foul by Albert, low for Cash .- For further particu- all the collectors, tists of lands and lots, he other was got by Fitzchews no- lars inquire of the subscriber, James which have been fold for non-payment ted running horse Old Frederick, Roberts in Frankfort or Mestrs. Par- of the faid tax, within this state, (save out of a full blooded mare, and now ker & Gray, Lexington.

Thos. I. Garrett Fayette, July 9th, 1804.

TO BE SOLD, BY a power of attorney from the ex-ecutors of Patrick Henry deceased, a

TRACT OF LAND, Hanry, and accordingly divided.

f Salt river, by furvey in 1784, patent- applying to me in Lexington.

I understand these lands are valuable, ut a purchaser would chuse to judge for himfelf. The terms may be known by applying to the fubfcriber, living in Fayette county.

W. WARFIELD.

ALEX. PARKER & Co.

HAVE just received from Philadel phia, in addition to their former affortment,

brick do. Chintzes and calicoes, afforted, Blue hair plush, & brown Hollands Constitution and fancy cords, Extra long filk gloves, afforted,

They keep a constant supply of bar for William Jones.

You william Jones.

Morocco slippers, assorted,
Loaf sugar, cossee and fresh teas, lerate terms, for Cash.

Lexington, July 14, 1804 BLUE, RED, GREEN. LELLOW & BROWN DYING.

I WILL color cotton and linen vith a hot dye, which I will warrent as reasonable terms as any dyer in Alton exington. I will dye wool a deep due at 1s. 6d. per pound.

HUGH CRAWFORD, At the fign of the Golden Boot & Shoe, in the old court-house, corner of Main & Crofs-streets, generously rewarded. Lexington. September 13th, 1803.

N. B. If you want to have your cotton coloured free from fpots, tye our cuts loofe. H. C.



vene, in the taken. Lorge Room at Lexington, or the third Tuef-

lay of September next at ten o'clock A. M. The officers, members, and epresentatives from the respective Lodges under our jurisdiction, are requested to be punctual in their atrendance, at that time and place. By order of the worthipful Grand

Danl. Bradford, Grand Sec, Lexington, Aug 6, 5804.

20 DOLLARS REWARD. STOLEN from this place, on the night of Strawberry roan Horfe,

Apout 5 years old, about 14 and a halfhands my hat manufactory, on main crois street, secute the thief to conviction, or for the deli-ly, 1804. very of the horfe, a generous reward-Dan. Bradford.

OR CASH NEGROES; 100 Acres of first rate land, lying

on to Georgetown-fhere is tole-lives, and about 4 miles below Frank able good improvements, with about fort, with 4 fmall Farms thereonfor the above land cleared, one on the river, with 45 acres of of hits or all lands or lots which they well enclosed with a good fence, cleared ground, and peach orchard, have fold for the non-payment of faid the title indisputable; the terms of and under good fence—the other 3 tax—And it is further provided, that fale will be made known by aplica- about 20 acres cleared on each, and any person making payment to the Sution to the fubicriber, living on the under good fence-all with good log pervilor; of the tax cons and interest up-

houtes, and as good water as any in on any tract of land or lot lo fold, should I will also sell all my flock, at the state. Also, 300 acres of second be permitted to reduce the tame, proreduced prices for cath or thort cre- rate, good farming land, about five vided fuch payment or tender of paylit-Among my horses I have two or fix miles from Frankfort, and on ment be made within the period prescribhorough bred Mares, brought from the North Fork of Elkhorn, about ed by law-which in this flate will ex-

I will fell a part, or all of Pilgrim mare, three years old the above mentioned land unufually hereby given, that I am in policifion of

Lexington, May 28. 1804.

AM authorieu, by power of attorney, from Simon Gratz, of the city of Philadelphia, to fell one moiety of a

Tract of Land, Containing two thousand acres, fituate Mill creek, near Drennon's Lick, on the head waters of Fox run, a branch of HAVE just received, in addition to about 8 miles from the mouth of Ken-Brashears's creek; which land was con sucky, and 40 miles from the Falls of veyed by William Murray, of Philadel-Ohio, containing 1500 acres, by furvey phia, to Joseph Simons, of Lancaster, made in 1784, and is a moiety of 3000 Pennsylvania, and by him to the aforeicres, patented to nir. May and nir. faid Simon Gratz. Any perfon incli-Also 500 acres on the Rolling fork the terms (which will be moderate) by Black gauze for veils

WILL, MORTON.

I WILH TO SELL MY 1 anyard

N'this place-the price will be moderate, and the paymen's made easy to the purcha fer, on being farisfactoraly fecured, and the tinerest punctually paid.
WILL. MORTON

Lexington, 4th June, 1804.

TAKE NOTICE. THAT I am a out to leave this Spanish brown, yellow oker, tale, and that I have left all my bufiness in the Vermillion and Pruffian blue, do of mr. E. Baker to fettle forme. Those Indigo and fig blue, to e indebted to me for the seasons of mares Spread Eagle, for the season 1803, are restled to come forward and settle their ac Wines, &c. &c. &c. upts without delay, as there cannot be no Which will be fold unufually low for farther inculgence given; and those that have failed to give their notes for this season, are requested to come forward and comply with my terms agreeable to my advertisement. Wm. T. Banton.

STRAYED OR STOLEN, From the subscriber, living in Garrayd County.

A SORREL HORSE.

BRIGHT BAY HORSE,

KENNETH M'COY. August 24, 1804.

NOTICE TO DEBTORS.

tucky, will con- plv, may expect compulfory measures to be

GEORGE TEGARDEN. August 7, 1804.

WHEREAS a writ of Foreign At General Court for the faid Territory lirected to the theriff of Clarke county John Holker and Nicholas Victor Mallbergher, at the fuit of John Edgar, a plea of covenant broken, by virtue f which writ the faid heriff bas attach feveral tracts of land, and other pro iles, in the county of Clarke, as the la e of the faid defendants-Now notic hereby given, that unless the faid John Tolker & Nicholas V Ctor Muhlbergher shall appear by themselves or attorney to give special bail to answer the fair flown on /I think) the off fide, flear the girth, fuit, judgment will be entered again occasioned by a fnag when a colt, a little white them by default, and the effact fo attach on one of his hind feet. It is thought he has been stolen by a party who have taken seve ral to the neighbourhood of Fort Desiance, in the state of Ohio. I will give the above reentitled to a demand thereon, and shall appear to be justly the state of Ohio. I will purchast a considerable quantity of ward and all reasonable charges, to any per-apply for that purpose. Dated 6th Ju-amb's wood, and the second sheering. Apply son who will deliver faidhorse to the and pro-

John Rice Jones. Atto, for the Plaintiff. §

DIRECT TAX. WHEREAS by an act of Congress

affed on the 32 of March late, entirted, An act further to amend an act, entiled, " An act to lay and collect a or ect ax, within the United States," the colectors of faid tax are directed to transunit to the Supervilor, correct transcripts pire generally in January and February next-In purluance of the provisions of the above recited act, public notice is wo which are expected daily) and that THOs. Q. ROBERTS. any person withing to redeem lands or lots which have been fold, may do fo by applying to the subscribe in Lexing on. 2

JAMES MORRISON, Lexington, July 16th, 1804,

THE SUBSCRIBERS their former affortment,

Blue ground callico and chintzes, Cambrick, jaconet, and tambored mullins,

Black gauze for veils, Extra long filk gloves, afforted and coloured, Attorney in fact for \$ Gratz. Silk and cotton hofiery,

Fancy and constitution cords, India Nankeens, Complete cases plotting instruments, Suspenders, Irish linens, Kid, morocco and ftuff shoes,

English & German Scythes, Spanish segars by the box, Anvils, vices, White and red lead, Coffee, loaf lugar, teas, Wines, &c. &c. &c.

MACCOUN & TILFORD. Lexington, July 16, 1804.

20 DOLLARS REWARD. UN away from the fubfcriber, living in Verfalles K. on the night of the 11th inft. A Negroe Woman named Juliah, about thirry years of age; four years old, 15 and a haif hands the is of a common fize, very black, is high. 2 flit in the end of the left very wide across the check bone, and rato fland, or return the money, and on ear, lately nicked and flood before, ther of a lean and bony form, has large eyes, and frews confider ble of the while. when spoken to, is remarkable artful and 15 hands high, four years old, some will form a very plausible tale, it about faddle marks, tolerable long tail, and to be apprehended. She has with her a shod before. Any person taking up variety of clothing, amongst which is a the fame, or either of them shall be blee striped cotten habbit, a gray coat, ing cloak very long, and has a cap to it, feveral linnen under coats, fonce childrens clothing, feveral blankers, and cther things not recollected. It is prob ble fhe has a pase, stating that the is tree, or for her to pals to fome particu-A LL th fe indebted to the subscriber, are lar place. I will give the above r ward THE Grand of November, to JONATHAN HOLMES, we not to me in Verfailles, if taken out f this state and all reasonable charges r ten dollars if taken in this ftate, ard Il reasonable charges for bringing her

Thos. Eastland. August 17th, 180. . 10

WHEREAS, my wife SARAM HAMPTONSTALL, without any just provocation has eloped from my bed and board, this is therefore to forewarn all persons from trading with or trulling her on my account as I am determined to pay no debts of her contracting after the date, I likewife forewarn all perfons from har-

outing her contrary to law. Abrabam Hamptonstall. August 21st, 1804.

FOR SALE-For Cash.

A valuable Lot of ground, at the ower end of Main street in this town outaining two acres, it is handlomely ituated and under good fence. For furn Main Street, next door to Mr. Ben

THOMAS LONNEY Lexington July 16, 1804.

#### AN EXAMINATION

of the allegations, made against John Breckinsidge, by the Editor of the Kentucky Gazette, Cretomb, and o-

No. IV.

WE now proceed to examine the de fence. It rests (1) upon the declarati ons of those who participated in the publication of the True Republican, and (2) upon the testimony of a number of gentlemen, who fay, that mr. B's. conduct, to far from being calculated to forward an intrigue to place him in the office of vice-prefident, has uniformly been favorable to the election of general

1. Capt. Stevenson, the author of the "True Republican," and whose character has not heretofore been impeached, declares that mr. B. had no " him that the True Republican was written, or intended to be published;" and " that he never intimated to him that he was or wished to be a candidate for the office of vice-prefident." This declaration is upon oath; and the folemnity of the appeal, moit affuredly, must add weight to the declaration. When too, it is recollected that Stevenson would run some risk of detection if this story were not true, and that the confequence of detection would be the total lofs of all eftimation in fociety, it furely must apa fallhood the Tanction of his oath .--Stevenson did not act alone in the affair: his father and the gentleman who handed the effry to mr. Magruder, participated in it alfor and they must know whether the statement be correct. lished, the editor knew of Mr. Magru-duct so far from being opposed to the e-If, too, as Paulding afferts, the chain of intrigue extended throughout the state, and as the editor from his table of flates, would have us infer, that it extended throughout the union, numbers must have been engaged with Stevenson; his rifks therefore were greater; and let him be ftill weaker in intellect than he is represented to be, he could not be for imprudent as to fwear to a falshood, when

he would be so liable to detection. But it is obj-ded to Stevenson's de claration, that he alone could not have written in True Republican; not having fufficient intellect, and information; that mr. Magruder was merely the corrector; that the facts stated must have come from a member of Congress; and the chain of reasoning from some person of more intellect than Stevenson-and from whom fo probably as from mr. Brec- honest one. And until it appears that distant hint that fuch were his wishes kinridge? "Mark how a plain tale Mall he is not entitled to our confidence, his out the contrary. He could not ex put them down." The facts stated in certificate must be believed. It is true pect to succeed without the counter the "True Republican" relative to he affigns no reason why the letter was nance of many influential men; and ye Clinton were published in Aristides, a not delivered sooner; but one apparent the editor, who has been two month pamphler which Stevenson had in his and striking forces itself upon my mind. making enquires into the subject, car post finon, and which, I am informed, His fon had conceived a project in which find none whom he even supposes, or de was by fin lent, about the time the ef- he had himfelf participated, that would fay was published, to mr. Magruder; raife the fame and produce profit to the and the facts which are faid to have family. That project neither could transpired in the caucus, and what is re- with defeated. T. S. knew the object lated of the Virginia representation, of mr. M'G's letter was the suppression were communicated to Stevenson by a of the True Republican, which would member of the house of representatives defeat the project he had so much at (whose name will probably appear here- heart; and, therefore, until he knew the after) in letters and in convertation, piece had been published, he would re-Of the other facts which are related, I tain the letter from mr. Breckinridge putation upon furmize and conjec believe, no reader of the newspapers of That object attained, he would deliver ture, is furely improper; and what the the day to have been ignorant; and if it the letter; and whether mr. B. dif-common fente of the people will not just were necessary I could refer to many pa- claimed all pretentions to the office or tify. If an intrigue has been carried or pers from whence they might have been not, the effay would remain a standing extracted. The chain of reasoning purmonument of their friendship and policy. when that is not offered, we are to pre-sued, was the natural one which the facts William Stevenson's previous decla-sume that it does not exist; particularflated would have produced in the mind ration to mr. Taylor, that mr. Breckinof any man conversant with the po ridge was ignorant of his proceedings, liticks of the day. And as we are in-confirms this opinion. Thomas Stevenformed that mr. Magruder, whose ta- ion's declaration, does not, however, lents for composition have been so high- stand alone : It is supported by the facts ly appreciated, had some agency in the stated by mr. Turner, who agrees with affair, and what he done has not been, him as to the time when, and place and, perhaps, now cannot be particular- where the letter was delivered. ly pointed out, are we not to prefume But the editor's belief in this, as in that he may have changed the form of other inflances which have been enume-

have already mentioned.

two important facts: first, that he did few days a letter to B. which would decorrect the piece, which relieves mr. feat a favorite project, and yet he can be Bretkenridge from the charge of pre- certain of the fact, that himfelf, a zealparing it for the prets; and, fecondly, ous democrat, would not communicate would have a bad tendency, he commu- his father his suspicions of a plot, co-exnicated to mr. B. his impressions, who, tensive with the union, to divide the re-(as appears from the certificate of mr. publican party! Such certainly on the spring of a virtuous mind, prompted by friendly aid which they have ever Turner and mr. I. Stevenson) answered one hand, and such credulity on the o- an honest heart. It were well for Cur- shewn me, would not be withdrawn his letter the day after it was received, ther, shews that his passions have coni. e. the 2d of July ; declaring " that quered his ufua! penetration & judgment. he coincided with mr. M.G. in opinion, It may be here faid, that an editor's virtue and was ready to declare his unwilling- is feerecy; but without mentioning nefs to be mentioned as a candidate for names, he could have communicated the the office."

mean any thing or nothing) would have the office of vice-prefident, when publick for nothing would be told beyond the preopinion "founded" in his favour. And sincts of the office. So that the conduct here I must be permitted also to obferve, that it was strange that this ex- that of the editor himself. traordinary intriguer (as our editor will) have him) thould express himself so explic tly to mr. M'G but two days after the certificate of mr. Flournoy, has been the True Republican appeared, when his object was, to " found the publick mind," at a time when the editor himself mull calculated to place himself in the office, confess the publick mind had not been

founded. To return. Mr. Magrud-r's certifion of the contents of the True Repub-

oo the public mind was "founded," and they deteend to the most approbrious ort and Lexington, as the editor flates had declared an opinion upon the fub- vernor C. or in defending him, certain ed. Here I must observe, this was the irit opportunity which he had to make have been the popular language, had the Proof of this kind is all from the ve-

delivered by T. Stevenson before that brought against him, is not resorted to as day, would lead an impartial enquirer a means of defence, his conduct only to believe, that he thinks mr. Breckin- can be examined, to discover what is ridge's letter to mr. Magruder fufficient rankling at the heart. And if his conto exculpate him from any delign of duct, not in one instance only, kut in tampering with the public opinion: for numbers of cales is in opposition to the pear very improbable that he would give the editor would have us to keep out of sufficion, every reasonable man will afight the contents of that letter, whilft bandon it. Or it may be flated in this

imadversions of the editor. He infinu- lor Flournoy, Carr, and Harrison, who

he essay, as well as the manner of it? | rated, seem proportioned to his prejudices. The probable motives of Stevenson, I He cannot believe that the Stevensons would not communicate to B. their pro-Mr. Magruder's certificate contains ject, or that T. Si would retain for afterwards being convinced it to a " confidential friend," nor even to nature of the plot, and have been affilled It has been already observed that this by the penetration of a father (of known anwer to mr. M.G. (which could not lienfe and judgment, and feelingly alive Lave been twifted, like conversations, to to his welfare) in tracing the plot to its afforded most damning evidence against attended sometimes to the press; and his mr. B. had be been disposed to accept rules of secrecy could not be violated,

The testimony of a number of gentlemen in addition to what is contained in procured; who uniformly declare, that ur. B's. conduct, fo far from being has been favorable to the election of general Clinton, of whom he has, upon macate proves how from he declared his fen- rable manner, and once or twice diffendtiments after he had complete informati-ed, when his character had been unjustlican; and that his condact was marked common in our political opponent toly attacked. Is conduct of this kind No fooner does he receive mr. M G's often does it happen, that inflead of

fletter than he answers it-And before speaking of one-another respectfully he great collection of people at Frank-terms which our language can afford? Mr. B. then, in either commending ge adopted the worst expedient which could be fallen upon to elevate himfelf leclaration: for had his declaration at the expence of his opponent. He when it was not even probable that he ing that governor C. was unfit for the duties of an arduous and important vernment of France, of having dewould have a vote, it would have been office, either from the want of talents trult, which the partiality of my felproperly (as he mentions in his letter to or principle. And mr. B. fo far from nr.M.G.) afcribed to his vanity, and not attempting to thew that the nomination confide to me; I deem it not improo any regard for the public welfare— was an injudicious one, has uniformly per, before I give that folemn test formed for the described character of Bona-Who is this" would have been the flated, that the charges against the goinquiry, " that difclaims an office for vernor " were made by his enemies," and which he will have no vote? his vanity that an united effort mould be made that portion of you who are now af on too great a length to permit its has furely taken the lead of his under- with our Eastern brethren to secure a tanding." Such most afforedly would republican prelident and vice-presid ne.

disclaimer been made, and in my opinion ry nature of the case that can be required. It would be sufficient to exculpate The certificate of Thomas Stevenson him, and clear him of the charges, even Before the True Republican was pub- of another. Mr. B. shews that his conder's letter; and he neither pretends to lection of that candidate for the office. fay that this gentleman was implicated has uniformly been favorable to his elein what he calls the " intrigue," far- vation; he therefore proves, fo far as the ther than as corrector of the piece, nor actions of a man can evince his dispositi yet that he would have kept from the on and wishes, that he had general Clin-publick eye the answer of mr. Breckin-ton's elevation at heart. If the contraridge, let events have been favorable or ry were the fact, why would he not oper not to the election of the latter. Let his mind to messes. Vawter and Gains us, however, whilft we are examining who pressed him to become a candidate the certificate of T. S. view also the anates that no man who knows Thomas were his warm friends? But, fays the S. would believe his affertion, that the editor, he knew the integrity and fland contents of the letter was not known to ing of those men; the influence which mr. B. before the first of July. This, I they had in the country would probably believe, is the first attack which has ever be exerted against him? Two of them been made upon the veracity of Thomas had, however, preffed him to come for Stevenson. It has, indeed, been faid, ward; and he had affurances that the othat he was a bufy man; but he has al- thers were his friends. It feems, that ways been supposed to be a moral and to all these men, he gave not the mos clares were concerned except William

The editor in remarking upon arceen publication, fays, that mr. B. could have nade those declarations to the gen lemen who have given their certificates and diff rent declarations to others. If e has done to, why is not evidence pro suced to that amount? To lacerate re here must be evidence fome where; and them fet at defiance.

EXAMINER.

For the Kentucky Gazette.

Mr. Bradford,

An anenymous peice, under the fig-nature of "Cartins" addressed to me in your last paper, deferves no reply .be toast which he ascribes to me, ] had not the honor of giving : It was given by a gentleman holding an high office under the Federal Government; whose Republican integrity has never been questioned, and who has nothing o expect from the favours of the funject of my fellow citizens embolden me of that toalt. That toalt was the off to undertake it-trufting that the an honest heart. It were well for Cur- hewn me, would not be withdrawn cius was he such a man. I distiam to on the present occasion. In this enter the lifts with characters, who, like confidence I now advance to take Curtius, delight in mifrepresentation & the test prescribed by the constitutifalfehood. And if his real name was on, and to implore the affiftance of him as much for his want of veracity, as ailift and direct me in the execution his attempt to miffead an enlightened thereof for the benefit of my fellow people. To know fuch men is to de- citizens. origin. Belides, his father, it appears, spife them. F. L. TURNER. Sept. 11th, 1804.

FRANKFORT, Sept. 3.

of S's, feems not more furprifing than On Wednesday last, his Excellency Min, Etq. Governor GREENUP, took the tizens of this place. On l'uefday claufe of the constitution which Mehee de la Touche.)

the following

ADDRESS:

Friends and Fellow Citizens,

which the commonwealth requires parte. continuance in office.

governed, than any other form of vernment of his country. propriate fignification. According o my apprehension it is a word of clear and certain import, expressing it to be a government of the people, establish, and where every freeman, ot legally difqualified, has directly or indirectly a voice in its admini-

Itration. It is foreign to my defign to conraft our general and ftate govern ments with those ancient republics which have been established in dif ferent parts of the world-they were for the most part imposed up on the people by fome leading demagogue or powerful faction, or from the necessity of guarding against some impending danger or other ad ventitious circumstances; but i the formation whereof the grea bulk of the people feldem had ; voice. Nor shall I draw any comy as the charges are desied in the most parison between the prefent repubpolitive manner, and the profecutor of lics in Europe and the Unit of States; it is enough for me to declare my approbation of our own government, and endeavour to sup port it.

The importance and difficulty of the trust to which I have just been called, being sufficient to awaken in the wifest & most experienced of our citizens a distruitful feruciny in his qualifications to discharge with propriety the duties attached to the of fice, would certainly have deterred me from entering on fo momentous a talk, did not the confidence I entertain of the well known liberality

in France.

was postponed until the Wei ... Mr. Drake corresponded: from the 1803, Mehee left London, after ha-

day following. Prior to taking review of his work it appears, the the outh, the Governor delivered author has entered in detail into an expolition of the whole affairs of the confpiracy, and completely brought home to the Addington administration the charges of having in time of peace, received a man whole avow-BEING about to enter on the ed object was to overturn the golow citizens have thought proper to whilst in London, and of having sub-

The review of Mehee's book is fembled, those leading principles by publication, as it occupies several which I shall be governed during my shall give an abstract of the articles. Having at an early period of my Mebee had been an ardent revolution life formed the strongest predilection mencement of the French revolutiflates to have been on the 1st of July, es, to make the most of them, are busined to the states and difficulties experiment—having also shared in part the had been fent from Faris to the Isle toils, dangers and difficulties experiment—having also shared in part the had been fent from Faris to the Isle toils, dangers and difficulties experiment—having also shared in part the had been fent from Faris to the Isle toils, dangers and difficulties experiment—having also shared in part the had been fent from Faris to the Isle toils, dangers and difficulties experiment—having also shared in part the had been fent from Faris to the Isle toils, dangers and difficulties experiment—having also shared in part the had been fent from Faris to the Isle toils, dangers and difficulties experiment—having also shared in part the year 8 (1798—1799) he toils, dangers and difficulties experiment—having also shared in part the year 8 (1798—1799) he toils, dangers and difficulties experiment—having also shared in part the year 8 (1798—1799) he toils, dangers and difficulties experiment—having also shared in part the year 8 (1798—1799) he toils, dangers and difficulties experiment—having also shared in part the year 8 (1798—1799) he toils, dangers and difficulties experiment—having also shared in year 1990 he toils and year 1990 he toils editor upon this point, who takes fome and evinced by no acts. Now when the pains to perfuade us that the letter was declaration of a man after charges are independence—feeing the unparaindependence—feeing the unparather fulficions of want of attachment are daily making in the arts and processed to his country, Mehee resolved to the fulficions of want of attachment to his country, Mehee resolved to the fulficions of want of attachment to his country, Mehee resolved to the fulficions of want of attachment to his country, Mehee resolved to the fulficions of want of attachment to his country. feiences; together with the great proceed to England under the affu-extension of the agricultural & com-mercial interests, and the association of discovering the actual intentions increase of population in the short he would attract our attention to the motions of T. S. whilft he had the letter in his possession.

Before the True Republican was pubford more lasting fecurity to the nation to communicate such intellilives, liberties and properties of the gence as he might collect to the go-

Mehce left France and landed in government which has ever yet been devised by the wit of man. With this belief it is my determination, in returned to Guernsey-Here he all things within my power, to cher-prefented himself to Gen. Doyle in ish, support and desend true repub- the character of a person distaffected licanism, according to what I con- to the French Government and able ceive to be the intent and meaning to give England information of great of those maxims and principles importance. Doyle received him which prevailed at the formation of very cordially, and undertook to forour government. I cannot join in ward to the English government a opinion with those gentlemen (some memorial drawn by Michee for that of whom were lately high in office purpose. In this memorial the latmeans any thing or nothing, or that it is a mere word without any appropriate figurification. According ber of a Jacobin Glub, the members of which were determined to bring Bonaparte down, and which only required pecuniary means in order to under fuch an organization as they fure Mr. Addidgton of his fincerity, Meheo added that he could give ample information and proof of Bonaparte's defigns on Turkey and E gypt; and concluded by offering to lay before the British ministry a plan for placing the Count de Lille (called Louis XVIII) on the French throne. With this memorial Mehes ent a number of papers, purporting to be of great moment and genue. Having received no reply from ondon, Mehee waited on gen. Doyle and Sir James Saumarez, and procured from the money and a passage to England at their own ex-Arrived in London, he waited on Mr. Addington, and was received by Hammond, to whom Mehee declared he had a scheme which could not fail of destroying donaparte, if affiltance from rangland were given. Mr. Hammond answered, as there existed peace at that moment between the two countries he could not agree to terms, out required Mehee's address, aluring him that a change of circumtances would foon allow him to acept the offer made. Accordingly, shortly after this interview another ook place, and Mehee was taken into favor by the Pretender and other French princes, and actually received a monthly falacy from the British ministry.

He had feveral interviews with the British ministry, parcicularly with Hawkesbury and Pelham, to whom he was introduced by Bertrand de Molleville [minister of the marine under Louis XVI] With Molleville, the Archbishop of Arras, given to the public they would deprecate the Divine Ruler of the universe to the public they would deprecate the Divine Ruler of the universe to the public they would deprecate the Divine Ruler of the universe to the public they would deprecate the Divine Ruler of the universe to the Province Ruler of the universe to the public they would deprecate the Divine Ruler of the universe to the public they would deprecate the Divine Ruler of the universe to the public they would deprecate the Divine Ruler of the universe to the public they would deprecate the Divine Ruler of the universe to the public they would deprecate the Divine Ruler of the universe to the public they would deprecate the Divine Ruler of the universe to the public they would deprecate the Divine Ruler of the universe to the public they would deprecate the Divine Ruler of the universe to the public they would deprecate the Divine Ruler of the universe to the public they would deprecate the Divine Ruler of the universe to the Divine Ruler of the universe to the Divine Ruler of the Universe the Divine Ruler of the Universe to the Universe to the Divine Ruler of the Universe to the Univer the emigrant Generals Willot, Larilondon, and that the English government might not appear as the indigators or abettors of the plot, the instructions to the agents were APPOINTMENT BY THE GOVERN- drawn up in the name of a "Pri-JOHN ROWAN, Efq. Secreta- Englishmen of fortune!!" Dichee ry of State, vice MARRY Took- having furnished his plan, it was approved by lord Pelham, and the neoath of office at the state house in A review of the English conspiracy were given to Mehee, with direcceffary passports and instructions tions to proceed to the continent .the 28th inft. a public Dinner and In some late papers of the Journ- one of the British administration, to Ball were given in honor of his al des Debats, there is published a feveral English misitters on the conelection, on which day it was ex-review of a work on the fubject of tinent, particularly to the British pested he would have been man the English conspiracy in France, conful at Husun, in Hollein; to garated; but a doubt ariting on which has been published in Paris Nir. Drake at Munich, and to Mr. the proper construction of that by the famous Mehee (M. D. L. or Spencer Smith at Stutgard. It was points out the time when the Go- Mehee, who has published the previously wait on Mr. Drake and vernor elect may commence the work alluded to, it will be remem- others, to establish the mode of duties of his office, the ceremony bered, was the person with whom correspondence. On the 22d Sept.

ving taken leave of the British Miniftry, the French Emgranes, Prisces, Bill ips, &c. and fuorite after arrived at Aliona; from thence he proceeded to Hamburg, to the French minister, in whose hands, (to be transmitted to Paris, ) he left a 'He comes, the Herald of a noisy would, complete flatement of his journey to 'News from all nations lumb'ring at his back. England, of its refult, of the plot against Bonaparte, &c. and promising LEXINGTON, SEPTEMBER 18. to give turther proofs on his return

Mr. Drake.

Menee arrived fafely at Munich, ing an early application. conversed with Mr. Darke, with him established the mode of correspond ence, and appointed the requifite number of agents, at Kehl, Strafburg, Bafle, &c. When the whole plan the 2d instant, there was a collectiof operations had been laid, Mehee on of Bees, supposed to confit of milhed from that country; Drake The above is confidered the more continued his efforts on the conti- extraordinary, (and by fome as omi- Extract of a letter from a gentleman nent, and had collected on the bor nous) as the Presbyterians and Meders of France, in neutral territo- thodifts had some time before, apry, large bodies of emigrants from pointed a meeting to be held at that all parts of Europe, with whom En place next Friday, for the purpole glift officers were incorporated; in of forming an union of those lociethe interior of France large fums of ties. money had been lavished, pamphlets and handbills distributed in the arintes and towns; Pichegrue and the affification of Bonaparte was at ed a copper bottomed thip. hand-when Mehee gave the fignal to the police, and the conspirators M. Choteau with the Ofage Indians, the brig Syren, dated April 25, to

tle understood. The address of this man was certainly of the most extraordinary kind, to many he will From the Norfolk Herald of Aug. 27. probably appear as a fpy, but he observed this can be no greater diffus from a respectable source, and we grace than to the first ministers of are authorised to say, may be depend. count of another capture by our vi England who descend to all the ed on. means of espoinage, whereas he was not employed by any individual or Of a letter from Madrid, to an Agovernmet, but actuated folely by the generous wift of ferving his country, and proving his attachment

Mehee concluded his book by enumerating the different sums of that such is the state of things be. claration of the blockade of that that infinuation? money furnished by England for ef- tween the two governments, that port. Being advised by commodore feeling a revolution, and procuring there is more than a probability that Preble, we fend her to America for the overthrow of Bonaparte, which a war must ensue. In fact, such is adjudication. We had an engage. and dollars.

MADISON CIRCUIT, CA. September Court, 1804. William Barnett, complit. against

William Hels & Als. def'ts. IN CHANCERY.

HIs day came the complainant, by his fing to the fitting of the court, that the if nothing more favorable occurs. detendant Hefs, is not an inhabitant of this flate-ir is therefore ordered, that the faid defendant do appear here on the first day of the next March term of this court, to thew cause, if any he can, why the complainant's Bill hould not be taken as confessed; and that Wadsworth, arrived at this port yes- lignac, has also been sentenced to two a copy of this order be inferted in the Kea-terday, in 38 days from Cadiz, we years imprisonment; it farther adds tucky Gazette for two months fuccessively.

TAKE NOTICE, That I do forewarn any person from trading for a note, given to Simuel Small, of wood-ford county, for two hundred and fifty gallons place prior to his failing; but that of whifkey, in the year of 1797; a. Thave paid it was not finally expected they honce, and will not be answerable again. Jas would occasion a war between the Small is a witness to faid bond. James Shaw.

Bourbon County, Set.

Batcherait's mil, A BROWN HOR E, four convention, and that Mr. Pinckney years old, fourteen hands high, fmall flar in his conceiving himfelf to be irreverent forcheas, branded on the near bartock but not legible, has on a 2.6 bell; appraised to 40. dol- ly treated, by this procedure, had

efte. Will. Garrard. jr. C.B.C. home.

TAKEN up by Henry C. Gift,

brand & appd. to 20 dollars.

June 25 h, 18 4.

And for sale at this Office, DETTERS on the DIVINE UAITY.



\* " True to his charge-

may have an opportunity of doing to, by mak cultoms for the port of Norfolk.

#### CONVENTION OF BEES.

We are informed, that on Sunday, lina.

GEN. DESSALINES

Has formally declared war against Georges had landed and agreed upon Spain !- This event is reported by a movement which was to be made Capt. Story, from Gonaives, arriv- from the place were not able to difby Mehee, and his Jacobins. The ed at New-York .- He also fays. cover an object at 20 feet distance .-English points had already hinted at that in consequence of this transac- This I suppose, wasoccasioned by the Hope, are really destined for the Me- 6561 acres of land, lying upon the the impending affadination -and tion, the Haytians were employing burning of the stone coal which is in diterranean, to attack Porto Ferajo, waters of Eagle creek, in the countries of the stone coal which is in diterranean, to attack Porto Ferajo, waters of Eagle creek, in the countries of the stone coal which is in different and the stone coal which is in differ the British minuty and its a- their cruisers to intercept the Span- the mountain. gents abroad were impressed that ish vessels, and had actually captur-

who have been on a vifit to the Pre- his friend in this city, announces the

FROM SPAIN.

EXTRACT

merican house in Cadiz, received by the thip Shepherdels, captain Will, dated

MADRID, July 6. and have declared they never will recede from. Our Minister has called for a final answer on Tuesday, mand his passports and quit the dam, the papers of that city to the 30th

" He is in fact making every pregent next week of the state of things.

FROM CADIZ—late.

By the brig Neutrality, Captain understand, that the differences be-\* Will. Irvine, C. M. C. tween the United States and the court of Spain, (mentioned in our last Baltimore papers) and their contwo countries. Capt. W. furthe adde, that the Spanish court had refused to confer with Mr. Jefferson's TAKEN up by William Campbell, near a nbaffador, on the fubject of the demanded passports for his return

## INSURGENCY.

Clark county, near the road from Winchefter to Paris, ONE BAY HORSE COLT, supposed to be three years old, a small star in his forchead, hind foot which, with some small black spots near the hoof, no brand perceivation, appraised, to 30 dellars.

ALSO ONE SORREL FILLY, with white thority of the state. Threats have been applied to the state. main and tail, a blaze face, one year old, no publicly made by a person or persons refiding in that country, that they will have a fresh hide (meaning the skin of a Thos. Wornall, J. P. Pennsylvanian, or persons leasing from the Pennsylvanians) in the course of a and energetic, these villains will be fuf States; 3d. Propositions made by this july 27th, 1804.

fered to remain in quiet possession of covernment, or the subject of the Floproperty to which they have no just adas. It is supposed that these plenipo-

Moore esquires, have been appointed vernment and our minister resident in Aby the executive of the common-merica; and that they will commence wealth of Virginia, members of the a negociation with a commission ap-Senate of the United States, in the pointed to fettle with them feveral left room of Abraham B. Venable, and important points hitherto undecided; former having been elected prelident frontiers, &c. from Munich, where he was about All those indebted to the Editor of this pa- of the bank of Virginia, and the to go to make arrangements with per, who may find it convenient to discharge of the bank of Virginia, and the Mr. Drake.

ted to Congrels from North-Caro-

Church in the City of Philadelphia. ed to attempt a flatement.

at Wythe Court House, Virginia to bis friend in Frederick-Toson, Maryland, dated July 30, 1804.

ed with a dark finoke, and this day had funk (for many miles) to the depth of 50 feet! after which clouds of smoke issued therefrom, so that the preparing in the latter place. inhabitants at the diftance of 20 miles,

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 3. A letter from Capt. Stewart, of The Syren was to proceed the following day to join the blockade of of all the enemies of England. I ripoli.

The following letter gives an acgilant and enterprising fquadron :-

Extract of a letter from an officer on board the U S. fchr. Nautilus, dated

" Syracuse, April 21.

BOSTON, August 28.

By the brig Felicity, Cape. Walker, and if not favorable, means to de at Portsmouth, in 25 days from Amsterof June have been received. The Portsnouth Oracle, of Saturday laft, favs " We find under the Paris head of the paration for his departure. He in-tends notifying our Commercial Athers were guillotined in the fore part of that dav and that eight which were condemned to death, and to whom th emperor extended his nicrcy in some derree; have been ordered to be confined From the Boston Gazette, Aug 30. in the fate pufon for four years, and af ter that to be transported: Inlies 20 the United States of America."

Capt. Fuber, in the brig Inde atigable, arrived here yesterday, in 25 on which faid Scott lives, contain- VALUABLE LANDS-For Sale. departure.

There were reports in circulatiweeks fince. - Bost. paj.

NEW-YORK, September 1. lay from Gonaives, informs, that Deffa- icribers, lines had declared war against Spain, about the middle of July, and that his privateers had commenced capturing all panish vessels.

Madrid, May 24.

The American envoys are shortly exwill take the governor's life before the first of October, &c. When such are the threats of those men, what are the poor fettlers who oppose their proceedings to expect?—plunder and massacre.

INST PUBLISHED

And for sale at this Office,

few days—they also declare that they pected here, who it is supposed, are commissioned to settle with our Ministry on poor fettlers who is the before the first of October, &c. When such are the pour which took place last year, be at trecolled, the 11th september, 1802, and poor fettlers who oppose their proceedings to expect?—plunder and massacre.

JUST PUBLISHED

And for sale at this Office,

will take the governor's life before the missioned to settle with our Ministry on poor fettlers to contain 250 acres each.

In the distribution of a mission taking an affigument on a bond given from me to William W. searcy, required.

Matthew Patton,

Win. Patton,

The Governor of New-Orleans; 2d. Ar
The last trecolled, the 11th september, 1804; as I am deter
tween the American government and payable the 11th March, 1804; as I am deter
tween the American government and mission to pay the money until compelled the Governor of New-Orleans; 2d. Ar
by law, in consequence of a field william W. Searcy.

The Boon Sept. 10, 1804. measures of the executive are prompt cession of Louisiana to the United

entiares will bring with them the ratiication of the convention, past in the William B. Giles, and Andrew month of August Jast, between the go

CHARLESTON, August 21. About four o'clock yesterday afternoon Mr. James Shaw, faster, of against them without discrimination. Nathaniel Macon, and Richard this city, was that through the heart Stanford, elquires, have been re elec- by Richard Dennis, jun. fon of the occupier of the Carolina coffeehouse. We understand that both Todd have a lease for thirty acres, on at act.

LON JON, July 3.

ndvices from Conftantinople and the land, except rodd himlel Black Sea, very large armaments are

Government has been informed that the preparations in England for an expedition against the Cape of Good

To Capt. W. Stevenson.

Curtius infinuates, that you were furnished with Aristides (the amphlet mentioned by Mels. Harrison and Taylor in their certifieates) by the friendly affiltance of Mr. B. Would it not be advitable AVE just received from Philadelphia, and in you (if the suggestion is not true) freet, Lexington, an extensive affortment of "We fend you a brig we captured to inform the public from whom you off Tripoli, standing in under Eng. obtained it, and thereby prevent the I take up my pen to inform you lish colours, in violation of the de-impressions intended to be made by of the latest is portations from Europe, and

INCUISITOR

NU LIVE.

Monday in next month, at the court articles, viz .house of faid county, the building of Superfine cloths, adquality & coarsedo. a Jailor's House adjoining the jail, Can agreeable to a plan filed in the clerk's Constitution cord, office of the faid court. Bond and Fancy do. lecurity will be required of the un-hintzes & callicos, ladia filks & mullins, dertaker.

Lewis H. Arnold, Joseph Morgan, Com's. William Thomson, David Gray, Nicholas county, ? 15th Sept. 1804.

A VENDUE.

TO be fold at public fale, on Sating county, the

TRACT OF LAND

For Thomas Scott, JOSHUA KNIGHT, &

Sept. 17, 1804.

Win. Boon.

NOTICE.

A LL those indebted to the late firms of Seitz & Lauman, John A. Seitz, Seitz & Johnon, John A. Seitz & Co. John Jordan fun. John Jordan Jun. & Co. and John & William Jordan, are request ed to come forward immediately, and pay off their respective accounts Wilson C. Nicholas, esquires; the such as the line of demarcation on the to Andrew F. PRICE, who is hereby duly authorized to receive the fame. Those who do not avail themselves of this notice, may rest affured that fuits will be instituted

John Jordan Juni Lexington, Sept. 4º 1804.

the father and fon were committed of 500 acres of Land, lying on Pitmar's creek, DIED, on Thursday the 30th ult. to prison, after an examination be- in Green county, adjoining Pitman's Old taof operations had been laid, Mence on of Bees, supposed to count of prion, after an examination best in Green county, adjoining Pitman's Old tareturned to Paris.—In a short about 100 swarms, at Irwin's lick, of a rupture of a blood vessel, the fore James Bentham, esq. Of the time the money and troops of the e- in Madison county. They continued to Paris, and made a green of the First Presbyterian deed, we are not sufficiently information best in Green county, adjoining Pitman's Old tareturned to Paris.—In a short about 100 swarms, at Irwin's lick, of a rupture of a blood vessel, the fore James Bentham, esq. Of the tion survey. Our contract was this—Lagreed to left and the particulars which led to this satal and have it for 15 years, provided he plants and have it for 15 years, provided he plants.

On a priority and the particulars which led to this fatal and have it for 15 years, provided he plants and have it for 15 years, and makes a good and law led to attempt a statement. ful feace. Sid Todd's not to work more than two hands besides himself, for which have his bond. Whereas from some of his conduct the second night after our bargain, my The communications between the neighbours with myself, think said Todd means to make a prey of my land, therefore I doubt but they must refer to objects or renting said land of taid Todd for the land of the lan Maryland, dated July 30, 1804.

We have for 12 days been cloudof very general interest to the states of renting said land of said Todd, as they may depend on suffering for it by law—for I will not have my land cut to pieces, surther than the 30 acres that I allowed said Todd. I Kentucky, that the Clinch Mountain rived at Corfo, and from authentic forewarn any person from settling on said

FRANCIS BUSH Clark county, Sept. 11, 1804.

LANDS FOR SALE. THE subscriber offers for fale and has therefore ordered the garrifon ty of Pendleton; which he will fell to be reinforced with 5000 men and upon moderate terms for Call-or provisions for ten months. The troops property, as he is desirous of dispobeen drawn from Piedmout, and fing of his possessions in this state. the 6th inft. through Florence. This land possesses several very adwho have been on a vifit to the Private accounts from Maita by, fident of the United States, arrived fident of the United States, arrived form to fident of the United States, arrived form to fident of the United States, arrived fident of the United States for two or the Each fident of the Internation of the Grant fident of the United States f n a state to repel the united efforts R. Bradly, until the 15th of October, at which time he means leaving this state for Virginia.

George Markbam. September 17. 1804

Cheap Goods.

SAML. & GEO TROTTER.

Merchandize,

the East and Well Indies. Consisting of Dry Goods, Hard Ware, Groceries. China, Glass, Queens' and Tin

Wares. had been placed in his hands alone, the fituation of things, that one or ment for an hour, with 11 gun-boats, they amounted to more than one the other government must recede; off Tripoli, within half gun-thot of hundred and ninety-two thousand and it is on such points, that the batteries. We drove them into or any two of us, shall proceed to either which are the following let to the lowest bidder, on the fourth cash in hand—amongst which are the following and delivery and delivery they desired an order of the greatest proportion of which were purticle and it is on such points, that the batteries. We drove them into or any two of us, shall proceed to either which are the following the to the lowest bidder, on the source of the greatest proportion of which were purticle and it is on such points, that the batteries. We drove them into or any two of us, shall proceed to either which are the following the country court of Nicholas, we, the second other cash houses, or the lowest bidder, on the source of the greatest proportion of which were purticle and it is on such as the cash and the cash houses, or the lowest bidder, on the source of the greatest proportion of which were purticle and it is on such as the cash and other cash houses, or the lowest terms, and will be soid either which are the following and delivery and the cash and the cas

t in in baxes, Copper for fills,

Imperial, Hy
fon, Young
Hyfon, ou
chong and

Green Teas,

British, Plain, Jacco conet, Tambord,

Coffee, Loat, lump and brown Lappet, Book Cam-brick, & imity do-Sugars, Ind go of a very fu-Scarlet cloaks, perior quality Turkey yarn, Cut & hummer'd Nails Cotton & wool cards, afforted. Saddlery, Anvils and Vices, Queens Ware afforted in crates.

WINE, SPIRITS, BRANDY & ACID.

reary imprisonment; it fartner adds are general Moreau is on his paffage to urday, the 20th inftant, at the dwel-at Dorrey and Benner's works, in Penniylva-tine United States of America."

ling house of Thomas Scott, in Fleming, of a superior quality; and a supply of Mann's lick Salt, and Cumberland Corner and Comberland Corner and Corner FON.

lays from St. Johns, (N. F.) which ing 60 acres, 30 of which are clear- WILL be fold on the 24th inft. blace he left the 12th of August. in- ed and under good sence, with some on the premises, 300 acres of Land, forms that admiral Gore, with a fruit trees. Also, 50 acres first quallying on the Beech Fork of Salt rilarge squadron arrived there from Ity, nearly adjoining the above, with ver, adjoining Simon Tripolet's england a few days previous to his to acres cleared and in good repair; land, and near where the road leadwith 120 apple trees now beginning ing from Danville to Bairdflown, to bear, and 30 or 40 bearing peach croffes said fork, in Washington on yesterday, that a proposition for a trees. Allo, six head of Good Hor- county. Also, to commence on the cellation of arms, had been made be lies, with a good flock of Cattle, first day of October next, 2000 acres tween France and Great Britain. Sheep and Hogs; House and Kit of Military Lands in Henderson It is said to have come from Halitax, chen Furniture, and Farming Uten county, lying on Deer creek, a branch and is probably a repetion of the his of all kinds. The above prop- of Green river, about 4 miles from umours of peace circulated fome erty will be fold to the highest bid-faid river, and 18 from the Red der, on a credit of nine months - Banks ; these lands are esteemed va-Bond, with approved fecurity, will luable, therefore an object for those be required of purchasers. Due at who wish to purchase in that quar-Captain Story, who arrived on Thurf- tendance will be given by the fub-ter. The terms are one fourth at the time of fale, and the other three fourths in three equal annual payments. For the first described tract a CORNELIUS GOODWIN, Special title, & for the military land general warranty titles will be made. The military lands are laid oft in I DO hereby forewarn any perfon eight lots to contain 250 acres each.

SEE SUPPLEMENT.



Te foar aloft on Fancy's wing."

ODE TO GOOD HUMOUR.

GOOD HUMOUR, hail! thougamph divine Thy pleafing influence ne'er refigu, But still reign in my heart. Should pale ev'd grief my peace annoy, Should disappointments damp my joy, Thy cheering aid impart.

Oh! liften to thy vot'ry's pray'r, Thou friend to mirth, thou foe to care, Thou goddess blithe and free! A balm for woe thou'rt furely giv'n. Hail! lovely fair, of bounteous heav'n The fairest progeny.

Long haft thou reign d within my breaft : still deign to be my bofom's gueft; Oh! never from me fly Sweet nymp , ftill aid me with thy pow'r; Oh! deign to blefs each future hour,

I or quit me till I die.

ELIZA.

" Trifles, light as air."

AT a town meeting in this coun try, a man named Shote was appointed hog cunstable, that is, an overfeer of Swine: and a punning neighbour attempted to make merriment on the occasion by the following couplet.

A The wisdom of our town now stands [ the rest. \*confest ;-One Shote is chose to givern all WILSON'S TAVERN, ent to change the form of the Mediter



HE fubscriber will fell 200 or part of the tract whereon he refides, every accommodation that the house and and that by an arrangement agreed upon on the South Fork of Elkhorn creek, fituation is capable of affording-which, by the Barbary powers, with whom we in Woodford county; about 40 acres I hope I do not prefume in faying, will are at peace, either the old or the of which is cleared, and the relt is be equal to any in the Western Coun- new form of passport will be sufficient well timbered. It lies beautifully, try. has on it feveral valuable cabins and three never failing springs, one of Lexington, (K.) June 4, 1804. the springs has sufficient fall for a diffillery, and affords an ample fupply of water for that purpose during the drvest seasons, and at it there is a still house in good repair. Immediate payment of about half the price must be made; but for the ba- the north side of the Kentucky river, and for the space of fix months, and the Collance reasonable credits may be had. lower fide of Cedar creek. For further information apply to CALEB WALLACE.

EIGHT PENCE REWARD IIILL be given to any perfon who will ap prehend and deliver at my flop, in Lexington, EDWARD MITH and WILLI AM MITH, who are brothers, and fons of Jelle mith, living near col Bowman's, bouth Jelles mith, living near col Bowman's, bouth Jelkhorn, fad Edward and William are appendices to the boot and flace making buff.

250 acres, half of 500, entered, May tunate enough to locate their claims in a Glals and Queens ware, Japanned and Tin Ware, Indeed within the Indian claims. This is therefore to give notice, that application is herefore to give notice, that application is life as Shelby, adjoining the last—enter-of-prediction to Congress; Jamaica Spirits and French Brandy, and little doubt is entertained, from the bard-of-prediction is predicted. prentices to the boot and shoe making busiwith them the whole of their wearing appa.

About 30 acres, will he given for either, or the above reward

or both of the above mentioned apprentices, as I am determined to projecute to the utmost 10th July, 1786. rigour of the law, the person or persons who

William Ross. N. B. I am credibly informed that Edward

is courting a young woman in the neighbour hood of his father. W. R. August 27, 1804.

Indiana Territory. THEREAS a writ of Foreign At-General Court for the faid Territory, Saundersdirected to the theriff of Knox county, against the lands and tenements, goods, Chattels and effects, rights and credits of river, joining George Underwood, and tom. And James Abbot, in a plea of trespass on the case, by virtue of which writ the land are deduced, by private contracts, faid theriff has attached a house and lot from the persons for whom they were and other premises, in the faid county located. of Knox, as the estate of the faid defendant-Now notice is hereby given, that Levinoton, Jan. S. 1804. tf. unless the faid Fancis Michell appear by himself or attorney, to give special bail to answer the faid fuit, judgment will be entered against him by default, and the estate so attached will be fold for the sa-court of Common Pleas of the said countisfaction of all creditors who shall ap- ty of Knox, against thelands and tene-! pear to be juilly entitled to a demand ments, goods, chattels and effects, rights fron, on Beaver Creek, a bright bay 6 puncheons Bum,

NOTICE.

I will fell the remainder of that valuable tract of military land, lying on the Ohio, just above the mouth of the Kentucky river, containing 431 acres at a very reduced price for cash-It confifts of bottom of the first quality, eminently calculated for farming &c. commanding a view feveral miles above and below of the Ohio river, embracing a complete profpect of the Town at the mouth of the Kentucky river.

P. S. Those who would prefer purchafing a part of the tract may be accommodated A General warranty will! be given.

NOW OPENING BY Charles Wilkins,

an Extensive Affortment of Dry Goods, Hard Ware, Queens Ware, Groceries, Crowley Steel, &

Dorsey's best Iron;

or HEMP.

apply but good workmen.

BLUE, RED AND GREEN DYING.

THE SUBSCRIBER ISH'S to inform the public, that he continues to carry on the WHEEL-WRIGHT BUSINESS,

On High fireet, at the fign of the Spinning fix miles from the court-house, and miles from the Ohio, and two or three with a warm dye, which he will warrant to ten miles from the Kentucky river, and miles from Robertson's Salt-works. BLUE DYING, fland equal to any blue in America. The to which is annexed 140 acres of deepeft blue for 4/6 per lb. My token is I C. flamped on tin. Any person wishing to prove either of the colours will please to wash them, which will convince them it is a warm dye and The stream and seat are equal to any

JOHN COLDWELL. Lexington, 10th May, 1804.



(LATELY POSTLETHWAIT'S.) town, to Joshua Wilson, formerly of form will be iffued at the custom houses Bairdflown. I beg leave to return my to every vessel, for which application for their preference in my favor while in that house, and am happy, and contact the former passport of which she may 250 acres of first rate LAND. in affuring those who continue their fa- be possessed, if any, in which latter cale wors to Mr. Wilson, that they will find no fees will be required for the exchange:

J. POSTLETHWAIT.

FOR SALE, At a reduced price in Cash and personal property at valuation, the following

Lands,

May, on the falt lick, on Sandy.

666 2-3 acres, part of Samuel Mere- mes Bodley, of Lexington, who will communi Saddlery, &c. &c. &c. dith's 1000, in the forks of Licking, cate with fuch agent for both.

All persons are hereby forewarned from adjoining the tast entry, and including the remainder of Falmouth- Patented

> 1333 1-3 acres, part of Samuel Meredith's & George Clymer's 2000 acres, experienced from them relative to the on Bank Lick creek-Patented 14th

November, 1786. 266 2-3 acres part of Samuel Mere-

tachment has issued out of the day, on Battle creek, adjoining John

1000 acres, entered for John May, think proper to favor him with their cuf north fide of the Rolling fork of Salt

The claims to the above parcels of

Indiana Territory, sct.

HEREAS a writ of foreign attachment has iffued out of the thereon, and thall apply for that purpose. Dated 26th July, 1804.

H. HURST, c. E. c. Telpass on the case, by virtue of which thirteen hands high with a small 63 doz. best long. The she sheriff of the said county has blaze in her ferehead and a long Which will ttached fundry goods chattels and effects, as the property of the faid defend- switch tail. Appraised to £ 12. ant-now notice is hereby given, that unless the faid defendant shall appear by Harrison Cty. May 22, 1804. himself or attorney, to give special bail to answer the faid fuit, judgment will be entered against bim by default, and dated 3d August, 1804. R. BUNTIN, Prothy.

John Rice Jones, Attor, for the plantiff.

Writing Paper, For Sale by the Ream.

CASH, Will be given for TALLOW & CHEESE,

the Brick House opposite the Court House, At the Bake-shop, opposite Lewis lately occupied by Messes. Parker and Gray, Sanders & Co's store, next door to the Nail Factory, Main street, Lexington-A Valuable WORK HORSE, For Sale for Whiskey.

Which will be fold cheap for CASH DOCTOR JOSEPH BOSWELL, I AS removed to his farm, fever different branches. All those indebted creek

> FOR SALE A Merchant-Mill, Saw-Mill or to William Sudduth Clarke county. and Distillery.

SITUATE on the waters of Sil-

in the state, and the Millsand Distil lery in prime order. For terms ap ply to the fubscriber on the premiles ROBERT PORTER.

Madison county Och. 1st, 1803.

MEDITERRANEAN PASSPORTS.

3 NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT it has been deemed expediranean Paffports iffued to veffels of th HAVE rented the House and Ta- United States; that from the eighti vern, lat ly occupied by me, in this day of July next, those of the new to protect the vessels of the United States from capture until the 1st of July, 1805, after which the old form of paffport will be unavailable, and the new one alone in ule. Department of State,

23d of May, 1304. 5 The printers of the laws of the United States are requested to infert the 400 acres entered for John May, on above in their Gazettes twice a week Book and Jicconett do. lectors of the Cuffons to keep copies of 30 acres, part of 40, entered by Geo. it posted up in their offices.

216 1-4 acres half of 433 1.2 entered by John May, around the the last entry. HEREAS a number of the officers of the last entry. 250 acres, half of 500, entered, May tunate enough to locate their claims in a Glass and Queens' Ware, and little doubt is entertained, from the hard-About 30 acres, being that part of fituted. The agent who undertakes the ma fhip of the case, but other land will be sub rel. Edward is 18 or 19 years old, 5 feet 9 John May's entry of 1000, including nagement of the business, as compensation or 10 inches high, stout well made, fair hair, the confluence of the South fork with tion, one third only, of what land is actually grey eyes, and a stylook. William is 16 or Main Licking, which lies within the located and ultimately saved, he being at all 12 years old, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, well and the same of the first three confluence of the South fork within the located and ultimately saved, he being at all 12 years old, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, well and the same of the first three confluences of the same of the first three confluences of the same of the first three confluences of the same of the same of the first three confluences. The agent who undertakes the material same of the same of t 17 years old, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, well forks, and including a part of the town expense to patenting the land. All who wish, and more open countries that the located and ultimately laved, he being at an Bohea forks, and including a part of the town upon these terms, their claims to be attended. Iron Mongery, to, are requested to write forthwith, to Tho | Cutlery.

PUMP MAKER.

THE fabicriber returns his thanks to his friends for the encouragement he has above bufinefs, & further informs them. that he continues carrying on the Pump Making in all its common ufeful brandith's and George Clymer's 400, north fide of Licking, and joining John May's der ground, through pipes, for the use of ord prices; as also conveying water undiffilleries, running fourtains &c. He also flaters himself, that the work he has done in this country, will sufficiently recommend him to those who may

SAMUEL VAN PELT. Lexinaton, 20th July, 1804.

A CAUTI N. WHEREAS my wife SuConnah has frequently threatened to leave my B d and Boa d. To July 25. GEO. M. BIBB. Prevent her from contracting Debts-Thefe are therefore to caution all per'ons from cre- of different fizes for containing oil. offing her on my account as I am determined not to pay any Debts ofher contracting after

> September 8th, 1804. Richd. Lemasters.

TAKEN UP by Samuel John-

thirteen hands high with a fmall 63 doz. bell long cork Claret, blaze in her forehead and a long Which will be fold low for approved

Wm. Rayman.

OTICE .... Commissioners appointed by the county court of Hardin, the property so attached will be fold for will meet on the twenty-eighth of Septhe fatisfaction of all creditors who shall tember, at a place called the Round appear to be justly entituled to a demand Bottom, on Bacon creek, a branch of Nolin creek, to take the depositions of thereon, and shall apply for that purpose, witnesses to establish the calls of an entry made in the name of Matthew Pat- an's flation tract - there are about fifton, for 550 acres of land, and to do reen acres of cleared land, under good fuch other things as may be thought ne-fence, with a never failing fpring. cessary and agreeable to law.

Matthew Patton, Roger Patton. September 10, 1804.

FAIR SPECULATION ON VALUABLE LANDS,

To Sell at moderate prices for Six or Light years Credit-Viz. 3705 Acres at the mouth of Indian creek, from the Obio, in a fourishing fettlement. n Red river, branch of Kentuckyriver. 2200 acres along the bank of the rive 2295 acres at the mouth of Holly creek, Kakaskins, near the tewn of that name, grants on Red river, branch of Kentuckyriver. including Frozen creek, hearches of the hen of the tate of Virginia. tucky river, about 9 miles above its three Will be fold even by fmall tracks for the

accomposation of the purchaiers, one tenth 2367 acres on the North fork of Rock Caf paid down, the nine tents at fix or eight paid arrually. Lexington, 3d May, 1804. miles east of Lexington, near the the river.

\*\* Four or five Journeymen key Ambrose Dudley's, where he will so acres on the fouthern bank of February Bords and approved securities will be re.

Rope-Makers wanted. None need continue to practice Medicine, in all its ky river, opposite the mouth of Hickman question for the payment of the interest and creek

different branches. All those indebted to him, are requested to come forward and settle their respective accounts.

April 9, 1884.

Treek

2000 acres including the main branch of Inspected produce will be received at market prices for the principals.

April 9, 1884.

For further information apply to the learning in Lexington, to Robert Craddock in Danville, to Thomas Howard in hichmond, Madison county,

> FOR SALE. 000 Acres of valuable Military Land, n Highland Creek, about fixteen

Alfo 1500 acres on the Ohio, nearly ypolite the mouth of the Wabalh, and miles from the town of Carthage. Alfo, 1500 acres on Deer creek, one

of the branches of Green-river. And 666 2-3 acres on Trade Water. he above are Military Lands, and cell fituated. A l'east of Land in th neighbourhood of Lexington, will be tan in exchange. Apply to John Pope, fq. of Lexington, who will give any information that may be required as to he terms,

THE SUBSCRIBER Has imported, and is opening for sale at his Store in Lexington, a bandsome and well chosen assort-

ment of 2 Merchandize,

which be is determined to sell as low for Cash (in band) as any Goods ever offered for sale in this place; consisting of a great variety, amongst which are the FOLLOWING ARTICLES, VIZ.

Superfine and Second Cloths and Caffimeres, Blanketings & Coarfe Woolens, Chintzes and Callicoes, Dimities and Coarfe Muslins, Nanke ns of all colors, Glazed, and common Cambrick Mus-

lins, Black, Blue, l'ink, Salmon coloured and Buff Muslins, Figured and Tamboured Muslins, Muslin Shawls & Handkerchiefs af-

forted, Silk & Cotton Stockings & Gloves of the most fashionable kind, Ladies' Straw Bonnets, &c. &c. &c.

Imperial, TEAS, Warranted fresh and good. Hyfon,

Mill, Pitt and Crois Cut Saws. A great variety of Novels & School Books, Blank Books, paper, Ink

Powder, Quills, &c. &c. WILLIAM WEST. N. B. Excellent IMPORTED CHEESE, for fale.

with to purchase a large quantity of Flax Seed,

For manufacturing and for exportation. Alfo, a quantity of

Hemp Seed, To be delivered after the first of Sentember next, at my Oil mill, where LINSEED OIL

of the first quality may always be had. JOHN BOBB. N. B. I have provided good veffels

THE SUBSBRIEERS HAVE just received from New-Or-Mans, per the boat Jefferson, Robert

Sorieg, Master. 123 boxes Ist quality Havannah Sugar, 3 barrels do. Spanish Indigo,

pipes London particular Madeira Wine,

notes at 60 and 90 days. Apply to John Jordan. Fr. or Banks & Owings. exington (K.) 2d July, 1804.

FOR SALE, Two Hundred Acres of First Rate Land,

YING within three and a half miles of Lexington, adjoining the Bry. erms apply to the printer of the Kenucky Gazette, or to the fubfcriber, in THOMAS HUGHES. Paris. July 25%

JUST IMPORTED, And now opening for sale by WILLIAM LEAVY, or his store in Lexington, A LARGE, BLEGANT, AND WELL CHO-SEN ASSORTMENT OF

MERCHANDIZE; BY WHOLFSALE OR RETAIL, N the most reduced terms for cash : confilting of the following articles, p. fides a number of others too tedious

to infert : viz. Superfine, Fine, C [Files and Rafps, otton, wool, and tow Double milled drab S. Cartings, Calimeres, Cards, Vices; Moscens, iteel, Dorants, Joan's spinning, Bombazettes & Wild ronmongery and Cutlery, And best London Pew. bores. Irish linens,

Velveteen,

Thickfetts.

Dimities,

dar eille

nets,

ing, Lutestrings,

Mantua,

Senshews,

Nankeens,

Calicoes,

Chintzes,

Jacconet,

India,

Leather.

Sattinett,

Plain, Spangled,

Crofs-cut,

Compass

Dove tail, and

Mill, Pit,

Hand,

Morocco & Kid

Plain and figured ]

Book and Lappet

made Umbrellas,

hair Plush,

Cambric,

Tamboured,

A general affortment of imported Cut & Wrought Nails, 8 by 10 and 10 by 12 Fancy & Conflitution Cords, Scarlet Cardinals, Window Glafs, together with a very large affortmen or Newest Fashion Toils

hina, and Stripe & plain man' Alfo a number of fattin for wailtcoat Divinity & School S Writing Paper, Slates and morocco Pelongs and fattins, Pocket Books,

> An extensive variety, of GROCERIES

Imperial, E Fis fon Chulong, Young Hylon Hylon, & Bohea. A Superior quality of Coffee, Ginger, Cotton, worsted and filk Hofe, The best Philadelphia Allipice, Pepper, Chocolate, Mace,

Cloves, Notineg, Madder, Allum, Logwood,

All kinds of Hatters' Trimmings, and Dye Scuffs, Paints and Medicines, &cc. &cc. &cc.

Travellers' Hall.

THE SUNSCRIEER . 3 AS lately been induced, from the I rapid increase of his custom, to purchase a lot of ground, abjuining that on which he lives, for the purpole of building a dining room and allembly room, each 54 by 32 feet 10 inches, with fix additional lodging rooms, and intends to finish them before the ensuing winter; which, together with his Tavern and house, will occupy a front of car one hundred feet in the most agreeaale part of the town; and in the centre of business, being on the highest part of the public square. He has considerably increafed the furniture, &c. of his house and Stables- His domestics and fervants are of the most faithful dispositions and properly qualified for the departments to which they are arranged-He has a confrant fupply of the best stable forage, imported and country provisions, imported liquors, &cc. of the best quality, forci; n newspapers, &c. &c. and his ice will, most probably, last through the hot wea-

The diftinguished preference which the first characters have already given him in his bulinefs, fills him with gratitude. He offers his fincere thanks to all his good friends, and begs leave to affure them, that neither his time nor his purse shall be spared in attempting to render the Travellers' Hall, a house of entertainment, for Genteel Guests only, equal to any in America.

R. BRADLEY. Lexington, (K.) 12th June, 1804. N. B. A stage runs from the Travel lers' Hall to the Olympian Springs in the

fummer, and to Frankfort during the feifion of Assembly. R. B. FOUR DOLLARS REWARD. STRAYED away from the subscriber, in Lexington, some time, in

May last, a very large light red BRINDLE COW, mottled face, a swallow fork in the right car, a crop and bit in the left. Any person who will deliver said

cow to me in Lexington, or give information fo that I get her again, shall have the above reward.

THOMAS WALLACE. Sep. 4, 1804.

#### SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

# Kentucky Gazette.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 18.

REFLECTIONS POLITICAL ECONOMY, AND THE PROSPECT BEFORE US. Addressed to the CITIZENS of the Western Country.

No. 18.

Navigation of the Obis.

I CONSIDER the free navigation of this river, as connected with the highest possible grade of our commercial prosperity, in future years .-Without it, our vast natural resources are mere negative bleflings, which we are compelled to contemplate without the power to give them full and complete operation.

The falls on the river at Louisville, is the only natural obstacle to remove. At the present time, from the infancy of our resources, I do not know that it would be prudent to attempt an entire removal of all obstructions on both sides of the island. Such an attempt would not be easily accomplished, without the united aid of the other states, immediately interested in the navigation of the river. It will be our duty, therefore, to do what we can by our own means; and to leave the reft to be done, by those situated higher up the river, when necessity thall operate the fame urgencies for the prosperity of their Western commerce, as it does now, upon ourfelves.

It appears to me that there are two modes, by which the navigation of the Ohio, at the falls, may be effeeled; but the canaling fystem must be the means to be adopted. The one will facilitate the passage of fhips, or other large veffels, at feafons of high water. The other will admit the navigation of boats at all feafon's, as well as afford the means of constructing the most valuable water works, upon a never-failing current of water.

ift. Between the Island and the Kentucky shore, there is a smooth rock, extending up and down the river for some distance, from the two promptitude and perseverance. points of deep water, above and below; and confiderable elevated in its whole mass above the ordinary bed of the river. When the water is low, this rock is confequently, entirely dry, from the island to the fhore. If, however, it was quarried out in such a manner as to make a plane upon a level with the lowest point of the water above, in dry feafons, there would be a constant current through this passage. In order to make it fufficiently deep for boats. a canal constructed by two walls, with the stone from the quarry on the fpot, would be a means of confining the water, and in its descent to the deep water below, give it fufficient elevation for the purpose required. At the lower end of the canal, there might be constructed a lock to facilitate the passage of boats into deep water. By this lock, flips might pals at almost every feafon of the year, when the water was only in tolerable order for navigation.

2d. The other mode, which, with as little expence perhaps might be adopted, would also be a canal along the shore, to as to unite the two points of deep water, above and below. This plan and the advantages of it, have been flightly hinted in the preceding number, as the only fecure means of giving activity and value to our flour trade. It is, however, fasceptible of other advantages, not less important, and eminently connected with other departments of our economical relations.

A canal, upon the plan last mentioned, through which the river could flow at all feafons, would not only afford the means of constructing valuable merchant mills for the manufacture of flour, but a variety of other useful water works. Whilst the navigation at the falls, is unfavorable for the passage of large vessels, the expediency of erecting thip-yards below, will forcibly fuggest itself. If this policy should receive a preference among ship-builders, the navigation, with the sum which plan of constructing saw-mills on the might be expended in finally canal, by means of which every kind removing them. The difference e- The account of the latter chilled our

and at all feafons shaped out, for the workman, will be deemed highly neceffary and important. On the fame stream, by judiciously divertifying its force, other machinery might be erected to furnish many of the materials necessary in building and fitting out a vessel; fuch as mills for spinning yarn for fail-duck, and for twifting cables and rigging rope. When veffels are constructed below be falls, I believe there is no obstruction in their navigation down the river, except a ledge of rocks some short distance down the stream, which is only inconvenient in very low water. This inconvenience, however, might be remedied, I am told, with very little expense.

I am aware, that whenever this important subject comes before the legislature, the idea of expense, will, in a great measure, tend to supplant that comprehensive system of usefulnefs, which is fo eminently connect ed with the plan of opening the falls, and perhaps, entirely frustrate the scheme. But if it is considered alone on the ground of expense, independent of all calculations of advantage, there are no dangers fo feriously to be apprehended, as to make us relinquish an object that must be classed among the most important concerns of the Western country.

It is possible, that by a suitable representation to the states of Virginia, Ohio and Pennsylvania, upon the expediency of facilitating the navigation of a river, through which a great part of their commerce mult flow in future years, fome aid might be acquired. These states, however, are but remotely interested on the fubject, when compared with the state of Kentucky. It is true that all the ship-builders on the Western waters, above the falls, are bigbly interested. But the point of urgency rests more forcibly on Kentucky; because, as a state, the aggregate amount of her exportations in a few years, will far exceed that of any other part of the Western country; being possessed of more commercial capital to throw into operation. more natural fertility of foil to be rendered active and profitable, and a more immediate necessity to combine by various effective means, the ref pective interests of commerce and agriculture. It is this flate, therefore which should act, even if unaided by others, and the thou!dact with

I am not, at this time, possessed of any certain data on which to ground calculations of expense, in opening the navigation of the river at the falls upon either of the plans which have been suggested, I cannot conceive that our refources, properly managed, are inadequate. Whenever the scheme is attempted, it should be done under the authority of the state; because such responsibility would be most secure, and most sufcentible of an active and judicious exercife upon the object in view. -Private contributions might be accepted; but the plan of execution thould never be permitted to devolve into private hands. By the establishment of a reasonable toll upon the passage of vessels of every description, the funds expended might be very speedily repaid back again into the treasury. It is to be obferved, that the plan I have suggested, would unite in itself an option on the part of paffengers, to pass through the canal by yielding toll, and the choice of going through the large shoot of the river, free from expense. No oppression would, confequently, be the object of com-

plaint. In consequence of the low state of the water the last spring there were five or fix vessels laying above the falls for a confiderable time, waiting for the rife of the river. I am told that this delay, under every circumstance of expense and embarraffment, could not have cost the proprietors of those vessels a less fum than 1000 dolls. per month aggregately. I have made no calculations of the expense which would attend the construction of a canal at the falls. But that which has been incident to the delay of the vessels alluded to, would go a vast way in accomplishing the object.

Let us, therefore, balance the expense attendant upon those ruinous delays and obstructions of navi-

would be enormous. A fingle effort. united with a little liberality, would he the means of faving to the most nfeful part of our citizens, to wit: the ship-builders and exporting merchants, an immense portion of that profit, which they now facrifice by the delays of navigation. Thefe impediments in time, will tend to damp the spirit of enterprize, which has lately promited high advantages to the country. The merchants and fhip-builders on the thores of the Ohio above the falls will foon turn their commercial capital into other channels. They will not remain in a country where they cannot give it that degree of activity and profit, which shall render commerce an object worthy of attention.

These are serious considerations, and ought to be attended to by the government. If national prosperity is connected with the happiness of the citizens; if morality is best preferved in a community where the mind is led to industry, by a cultivation of the arts of agriculture and commerce, we have the best reason to feize upon all those means which shall give life, energy and action to our commercial policy. It is upon this ground that our standing can be any wife respectable abroad and happy at home.

ARISTIDES.

From the New York Herald-

Nott's Discourse on the death of Ha. mitton-The preacher takes for his text the very appropriate words in II. Samuel , .9. " How are the mighty fallen!" The interesting manner in which he opens his subject, and the force with which he combats the vice of duelling, require that we should present the reader with copious extracts; and of courle with but few remarks.

"THE occasion explains the choice of my subject on which I enter in obedience to your request. You have assembled to express your elegiac forrows, and fad and folemn weeds cover

" Before fuch an audience, and on fuch an occasion, I enter on the duty assigned me with trembling. Do not millake my meaning. I tremble indeed...not however, through fear of failing to merit your applaule; for what have I to do with that when addressing the dying and treading on the athes of the dead ... Not through fear of failing justly, to pourtray the character of that great man who is at once the theme of my encomium and regret. He needs not eulogy ... His work is fin: shed, and death has removed him beyond my censure, and I would fondly hope, through grace, above my

"You will ask then, why I tremble? I tremble to think that I am called to attack from this place a crime, the very idea of which almost freezes one with horror ... a crime too which exifts among the polite and polished orders of fociety, and which is accompanied with every aggravation; committed with cool deliberation...and openly in the face of

"But I have a duty to perform. And difficult and awful as that duty is, I will not thrink from it.

"Would to God my talents were adequate to the occasion. But fuch as they are, I devoutly proffer them to unfold the nature and counterast the influence of that barbarous custom, which like a refistless torrent, is undermining the foundations of civil government ... breaking down the barriers of focial happiness, and sweeping away virtue, talents and domestic telicity in its defolating courfe.

"Another and an illustrious character-a father-a general- a statesmanthe very man who flood on an eminence and without a rival among tages and heroes, the future hope of his country in danger --- this man yielding to the influence of a custom, which deserves our eternal reprobation, has been brought to his untimely end.

"That the deaths of great and ufeful men should be particularly noticed is equally the dictate of reason and revela-The tears of Ifrael flowed at the decease of good Josian, and to his memory the fineral woman chaunted the folemn dirge.

"But neither examples nor arguments are necessary to wake the sympathies of a grateful people on fuch occasions. The death of public benefactors furcharges the heart and it fpontaneously difburdens itself by a flow of forrows.

"Such was the death of WASBING-TON, to embalm whose memory, and perpetuate whose deathless fame, we lent our feeble, but unnecessary services. Such, allo, and more peculiarly fo, has been the death of HAMILTON.

"The tidings of the former moved us --- mournfully moved us --- and we wept.

of material may be expeditiously, I ven in the course of a few years. I hopes and curdled our blood. The former died in a good old age; the latter was cut off in the midft of his ufefulnefs. The former was a collomary providence: we faw in it, if I may !peak to, the finger of God and rested in his sovereignty. The latter is not attended with this foothing circumstance.

"The fall of Hamilton owes its existence to mad deliberation, and is marked by violence. The time, the place, the circumstances, are arranged with barbarous coolness. The inflrument of death is levelled in day light, and with well directed skill pointed at his heart. Alas! the event has proven that it was but too well directed. Wounded, mortally wounded, on the very spot which still smoked with the blood of a favorite fon, into the arms of his indifferent and cruel friend, the father fell.

"Ah! had he fallen in the course of nature; or jeopardizing his life in d fence of his country, had be fallen -- But he did not. He fell in fingle combat --- Pardon my miltake --- He did not fall in single combat. His noble nature refused to endanger the life of his antagonist. But he exposed his own life. This was his crime: and the facredness of my office forbids that I should hesitate explicitly to declare it fo.

" He did not hesitate to declare it fo himfelf: "My religious and moral principles are firongly opposed to duciling," These are his words before he ventured to the field of death. "I view the late trans ction with forrow and contrition." Thefe are his words after his

" Humiliating end of illustrious greatness!--- How are the mighty fallen! And shall the mighty thus fall! Thus flia.1 the noblest lives be facrificed and the richest blood be spil ? Tell it not in Gath; publish it not in the streets of As-

"Think not that the fatal iffue of the late inhuman interview was for:uitous. No; the Hand that guides unseen the arrow of the archer, steadied and directed the arm of the duellist. And why did it thus direct it? is a folemn memento --- as a loud and awful warning to a community where justice has slumbered --- and flumbered --- and flumbered --while the wife has been robbed of her partner, the mother of her hopes, and life after life rashly and with an air of triumph, sported away.

" And was there, O my God! no other facrifice valuable enough---would the cry of no other blood reach the place f retribution and awake justice, dozing over her awful feat !"

" In accomplishing the object which is before me, it will not be expected, as it is not necessary, that I should give a history of Duelling. You need not be informed that it originated in a dark and barbarous age. The polified Greek knew nothing of it --- The noble Roman was above it."

" But though Greece and Rome knew nothing of Duelling, it exists. It exists among us: and it exists at once the most Rash, the most Absurd and Guilty practice that ever difgraced a Christian na-

The indignation of the divine breaks out in

the following exclamation "Who is it then that calls the ducklift to the dangerous and deadly combat? Is it God? No; on the contrary he for-Is it then his country? No: the alfo utters her prohibitory voice. Who is it then? A man of bonor. And who is this man of honor? Aman perhaps whose honor is a name; who prates with polluted lips about the facredness of character, when his own is stained with crimes, and needs but the fingle shade of murder to complete the difmal and fick-

ly picture !" Once more-

" This frantic meeting, by a kind of magic influence, entirely varnishes over a defective and fmutty character; tranfforms vice to virtue, cowardice to courage; makes falsehood truth, guilt inocence--- lo one word, it gives a new complexion to the whole state of things. The Ethiopian changes his skin, the leopard his spots, and the debauched & treacherous ... having thot away the infamy of a forry life, comes back from the field of PERFECTIBILITY quite regenerated, and, in the fullest sense, an bonorable man. He is now fit for the company of a gentleman. He is admitted to that company, and fhould he again, by acts of vileness, stain this purity of character for nobly acquired, and should any one have the effrontery to fay that he has done fo, again he stands ready to vindicate bis honor, and by another act of homicide, to wipe away the stain which has been attached to it."

The following contains the eulogy which a minister of God standing at the altar, felt him-felf justified in pronouncing on Alexander Ha-

"The Man, on whom nature feems originally to have impressed the stamp of greatness. Whose genius beamed from the retirement of collegiate life, with a radiance which dazzled, and a loveliness which charmed, the eye of fages.

"The HERO, called from his fe-

ance in the field, tho' a stripling, conciliated the esteem of Washington, our good old father. Moving by whose side, during all the perils of the revolution, our young Chieftain was a contributor to the veteran's glory, the guardian of his person, and the compartner of his toils.

" The Conqueror, who sparing of human blood, when victory favored, stayed the uplifted arm, and nobly faid to the vanquished enemy,

" live." .....

" The STATESMAN, the correctness of whose principles and the strength of whose mind, are inscribed on the records of Congress, and on the annals of the council chamber. Whose genius impressed itself upon the constitution of his country; and whose memory, the government, il-Iustrious fabric, resting on this basis. will perpetuate while it lasts; and shaken by the violence of party. should it fall, which may Heaven avert, his prophetic declarations will be found inscribed on its ruins.

"The Counsellor, who was at once the pride of the bar, and the admiration of the court. Whose apprehenfions were quick as lightning. and whose development of truth was luminous as its path; whose argument no change of circumstances could embarrais; whose knowledge appeared intuitive; and who, by a fingle glance, and with as much facility as the eye of the eagle passes over the landscape, jurveyed the whole field of controversy; saw in what way truth might be most fuccessfully defended, and how error must be approached. And who, without ever stopping, ever hesitating, by a rapid and manly march, led the listening judge and the sasci-nated juror, step by step, through a delightsome region, brightening as he advanced, till his argument rofe to demonstration, and eloquence was rendered useless by conviction.

" Whose talents were employed on the fide of righteousness. Whose voice, whether in the council chamber or at the bar of justice, was virtue's consolation. At whose approach oppressed humanity felt a fecret rapture, and the heart of injured innocence leapt for joy.

Where Hamilton was, in whatever fphere he moved, the friendless had a friend, the father-Iess a father, and the poor man, tho' unable to reward his kindnels, found an advocate. It was, when the rich oppressed the poor; when the powerful menaced the defenceles; when truth was difregarded, or the eternal principles of justice violated; it was on these occasions that he exerted all his strength. It was on these occasions that he sometimes foared to high, and shone with a radience fo transcendant, I had almost faid, fo " heavenly as filled those around him with awe, and gave to him the force and authority of a pro-

" The PATRIOT, whose integrity haffled the scrutiny of inquilition. Whose manly virtue never shaped itfelf to circumstances. Who always great, always himfelf, stood amidst the varying tides of party, firm, like the rock which, far from land, lifts its majestic top above the waves, and remains unshaken by the storms

which agitate the ocean. " The FRIEND, who knew no guile. Whose bosom was transparent and deep, in the bottom of whose heart was rooted every tender and lympathetic virtue. Whose various worth opposing parties acknowledged while alive, and on whose tomb they unite with equal

lympathy and grief to heap their ho-

" I know he had his failings. I fee on the picture of his life, a picture rendered awful by greatness, and luminous by virtue, fome dark shades ..... On these let the tear that pities human weakness fall; on these let the veil which covers human frailty rest ..... As a hero, as a statesman, as a patriot, he lived nobly, and would to GoD I could add, he nobly fell.

"Unwilling to admit his error in this respect, I go back to the period of discussion. I fee him relisting the threatened interview. I immagine myself present in his chamber. Various reasons, for a time, feem to hold his determination in arrest. Various and moving objects pass before him, and speak a dissuafive lanpuage.

" His country, which may need

questered retreat, whose first appear- I his counsel to guide & his arm to defend, utters her veto. The partner of his youth, already covered with weeds, and whose tears flow down her bosom, intercedes! His babes, tretching out their little hands and pointing to a weeping mother, with lifping eloquence, but eloquence which reaches a parent's heart, pry out " Stay-Ray-dear papa and live for us!" In the mean time the spectre of a fallen son, pale and ghaltly, approaches, opens his bleeding hofom, and as the harbinger of death, points to the yawning tomb and forewarns a hefitating father of the issue!

"He pauses. Reviews these sad objects and reasons on the subject. I admire his magnanimity. I approve his reasoning, and I wait to hear him reject with indignation the murderous proposition, and to fee him spurn from his presence the presumptious bearer of it.

" But I wait in vain. It was a moment in which his great wisdom forfook him. A moment in which Hamilton was not himself.

"He yielded to the force of an imperious custom. And yielding, he facrificed a life in which all had an interest-and he is lost-lost to his country-lost to his family-lost to

" For this \_\_\_act, because he difclaimed it, and was penitent, I forgive him,

The preacher returns to his reprobation of

duelling "But there are those whom I cannot forgive. I mean not his antagonist, over whose erring steps, if there be tears in heaven, a pious mother looks down and weeps. If he be capable of feeling, he fuffers already all that humanity can fuffer. Suffers, and wherever he may fly will fuffer, with the poignant reflection, of having taken the life of one who was too magnanimous in return to attempt his own. Had he have known this, it must have paralized his arm, while it pointed at fo incorruptible a bosom, the instrument of death .-Does he know this now, his heart, if it be not adament must foften-if it be not ice it must melt-But on this article I forbear. Stained with blood as he is, if he be penitent I forgive him-and if he be not, before thefe altars, where all of us appear as supplicants, I wish not to excite your vengeance, but rather, in behalf of an object rendered wretched and pitiable by crime, to wake your prayes.

But I have faid and I repeat it, there are those whom I cannot forgive: I cannot forgive that minister at the altar, who has hisherto forborn to remonstrate on this subject. I cannot forgive that public profecutor, who entrusted with the duty of avenging his country's wrongs, has feen those wrongs, and taken no measures to avenge them. I cannot forgive that Judge upon the bench. or that governor in the chair of state, who has lightly passed over public, in whose opinion the duellist finds a fanctuary. I cannoe forgive you, my brethren, who till this late hour have been filent, whilft fucceffive murders were committed. No; I cannot forgive you, that you have not in common with the freemen of this state, raised your voice to the powers that be, and loudly and explicitly demanded an execution of

your laws. " Would to God, I might be permitted to approach for once the last scene of death. Would to God, I could there affemble on the one fide, the disconsolate mother with her seven fatherless children-and on the other those who administer the justice of my country. Could I do this, I would point them to these sad objects. I would entreat them, by the agonies of bereaved fondness, to liften to the widow's heartfelt groans; to mark the orphan's fighs and tears. And having done this, I would uncover the breathless corpse of Hamilton. I would lift from his gaping wound his bloody MANTLE-I would hold it up to heaven before them, and I would ask, in the name of God, whether at the fight of ir they felt no compunction.

"You will ask perhaps, what can be done, to arrest the progress of a practice which has yet fo many advocates? I answer nothing -if it be the deliberate intention to do NOTH-ING. But if otherwise, much is within our power.

Me burfis out in the following pathetic

derths, shall not the fall of the mighty affect us.

" A fhort time fince, and he who is the occasion of our forrows, was the ornament of his country. He stood on an eminence; and glory covered him. From that eminence he has fallen-fuddenly, for ever, fallen. His intercourse with the living world is now ended; and those who would hereafter find him must feek him in the grave. There cold and lifelefs, is the heart which just now was the feat of frienship. There, dim and fightless is the eye, whose radient and enlivening orb Leamed with intelligence; and there, closed for ever, are, those lips, on whose persuasive accents we have fo often and folately hung with tran-

" From the darkness which refis upon his tomb there proceeds, methinks, a light in which it is clearly feen that those gaudy objects which men pursue are only phantoms. in this light how dimly shines the splendor of victory-how humble appears the majefly of grandeur. The bubble which feemed to have fo much folidity has burst: and we again see that all below the fun is vanity-

"True, the funeral eulogy has been pronounced. The fad and folemn procession has moved. badge of mourning has already been decreed, and prefently the sculptured marble will lift up its front, proud to perpetuate the name of HAMIL-TON, and rehearfe to the passing traveller his virtues.

"Just tributes of respect! And to the living ufeful. But to him, moulduring in his narrow and humble habitation, what are they?-How vain! how unavailing!"

How eloquent, how deeply affecting, how fublime, the following apostrophe-

"Approach and behold-while I lift from his sepulchre its covering. Ye admirers of his greatness, ve emulous of his talents and his fame, approach, and behold him now. How pale? How filent! No martial bands admire the adroitness of his movements. No fascinated throng weep-and melt-and tremble at his eloquence !- Am-zing change! A shrowd! a coffin! a narrow subterraneous cabbin! This is all that now remains of Hamilton! And is this all that remains of HIM? - During a life fo transitory, what lasting monument then can our fondest hopes erecl ?'

We do not recollect a passage, of equal length, superior to the above
Thus Mr. Nott speaks of General Hamil

"My brethren! we stand on the borders of an AWFUL GULF, which is fwallowing up all things human. And is there, amidit this universal wreck, nothing table, nothing abiding, nothing immortal on which poor, frail, dying man can fasten?

" Ask the hero, ask the statesman, whose wisdom you have been fuch offences. I cannot forgive the accustomed to revere, and he will public, in whose opinion the duellist tell you. He will tell you, did I fay? He has already told you, from his death bed, and his illuminated spirit still whispers from the heavens, with well known eloquence, the folemn admonition:

" Mortals! haftening to the tomb, and once the companions of my pilgrimage, take warning and avoid my errors-Cultivate the virtues I have recommended-Choose the Savior I have chosen-Live disinterestedly-Live for immortality: and would you refcue any thing from final dissolution, lay it up in God."

" In token of this reliance, and as an expression of his faith, he rel ceives the holy facrament. And having done this, his mind becomes tranquil and ferene. Thus he remains, thoughtful indeed, but unruffled to the last, and meets death with an air of dignified composure, and with an eye directed to the hea-

" This last act, more than any other, sheds glory on his character. Every thing elfe death effaces .-Religion alone abides with him on his death bed-He dies a Christian. This is all that can be enrolled of him amongthe archives of eternity. This is all that can make his name great in heaven.

The information in the following para-graph is new and important

" Let not the fneering infidel persuade you that this last act of

" How are the mighty fullen! ties, or from perturbation occasioned And regardless as we are of oulgar by the near approach of death .-No; his opinions concerning the Divine Miffion of Jefus Christ, and the validity of the holy feriptures had long been fettled, and fettled after laborious invelligation and extenhive and deep refearch. Thefe opinions were not congealed. I knew them myfelf. Some of you who hear me knew them. And had his life been spared, it was his determination to have published them to the world, together with the facts and reasons on which they were founded."

> TO BE SOLD TO THE HIGH-EST BIDDER.

ON the ninth day of October next, the MILLS of John Jamefon dec, on North Elkhorn, with forty three agres of land annexed thereto, with a good log house fixteen by eighteen feet, with a stone chimney, kitchen and fire place underneath; about fifteen acres of the above land is cleared and under fence. The mill-house is built of thone, two flory high, thirty eight feet by forty eight, with two pair of stones, one geered, the other tub. Immediate possession of the mill will be given the purchaser. The dwelling house and cleared land will be referved till the first day of November next. The terms of the fale will be as follow (to wit) one fourth part of the purchase to be paid down, the ballance to be paid in five equal annual payments, to commence on the fifteenth day of September one thoufand eight hundred and five. Interest on the four remaining payments will be required till the whole is paid up. Due attendance will be given by us the commissioners.

Wm. Moore, Robt. S. Russell. Frans. Kirtley, Jas. Tisber.

August 27th, 1804. A Sorrel MARE taken up by

George Tetter, fen. living about I mile below the mouth of Paint lick, / on Kentucky river, Garrard county, supposed to be about 10 years old, about 14 hands and a half high, no brand, but a fear on each hip, with a bell on, about a 4s. price, put on with a small rope-also a small star in her forehead, and apppraised to 50 dollars.

Zech. Ray, J.P. May 10, 1804.

TAKEN up by Joseph Rutherford, living fix miles from Lexington, on Hickman road, a bay mare, about 13 3-4 hands high, supposed to be fifteen years old, no brand perceivable; appraised to thirty dollars. Given under my hand this 14th April, 1804.

Richard Higgins,

Garrard County, fct. TAKEN up by Wm. Tubb, one dark Pay Horse, fix years old, five feet high, white feet and legs, lame in the near fore anch, or pastern joint; no brands perceivable; appraised to fix pounds, the 28th of May, 1804.

A true copy. Tens



W. MENTELLE. RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Lexington and its vicinity, that he has just got a PAYSIOGNOTRACE completed on an entire new construction, by means of which peried profile likenesses can be taken in a few feconds. As an application for a papersons are hereby for bid to use it at their pe-

WANTED TO PURCHASE, A Quantity of FLAX & HEMP SEED; DELIVERED at George Leibe's oil mill, on the Limestone road, about half a mile from the court-house in Lexington; for which a generous price will be given. William Bobb. Sept. 19. 1804. tf

Rags.

Three cents per pound, or 18s. per hundred weight, given for clean homage to the Savior, resulted from linen or cotton Rags, at Chaerlie's an enfeebled state of mental facul- | printing office, Lexington.